# Technical Research Design



## Technical Research Design

- Set of activities needed to realize the objectives set out in the conceptual design phase
- Concerns decisions on how, where and when

- 3 phases:
  - Research Strategy
  - Research Material
  - Research Planning



#### Research Strategy

- This is where you plan the way to approach your research and pick the methods you are going to use.
- Take into account:
  - Suitability (e.g. Your skills, academic level of problem)
  - Availability (are resources such as test equipment available)
  - Duration (Can it be done within the set time)
  - Feasibility (can it be done at all at TUD?)
  - Ethics (should it be done, do you want to do it)
  - Etc.



#### Generic Research Methods

- Survey Research empirical research
- Experiment tests, simulations
- Case Studies small domain/samples, suitable for new ideas
- Grounded Theory Approach development of new theories
- Desk Research mostly based on library, archive and media searches. Example is a literature survey

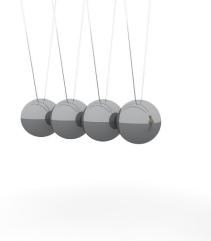
#### Key decisions here are:

- Breadth vs. depth
- Qualitative vs. quantitative
- Empirical vs. desk research



# Where to find appropriate methods?

- Literature
- Group's Research Traditions
- Other Research Institutions
- Industry Practice



Get as much information on each possible method as you can and carry out a well argued trade-off



#### When selecting a method...

#### Check if the method of your choosing:

- Is suitable for your specific research objective and questions
- Produces reliable and valid results
- Is proven
- Is of sufficient academic level
- Is financially affordable
- Is ethically acceptable
- Can be used in the time you have allotted
- Can be carried out by someone of your experience
- Can be supported within your research group or its immediate surroundings (supervision & support, availability of equipment)



#### Research Materials

- Many options available
- Make right choice within the framework of your research plan, taking into account:
  - Availability
  - Cost
  - Time span
  - Your experience & skill
  - Experience & skills available from support staff



### **Data Acquisition**

- Your research strategy should tell you what data you want to gather (a.k.a. what you want to measure)
- Your research material should tell you where you are going to get that data from (what is your research population)
- Your research planning will tell you what the time frame for all this is



## **Availability**

 Whatever your chosen research material is do check its availability!

