

# Schroefkeuze

Instructiecollege Hydromechanica 3  
door Pepijn Pennings

# Motor

Maximaal asvermogen

$$P_D = 790 \text{ kW}$$

@

$$n = \frac{108}{60} = 1.8 \text{ omw/s}$$

# Romp

Weerstand

$$R = cV_s^2$$

$$R = 50.0 \text{ kN}$$

@

$$V_s = 12 \frac{1852}{3600} = 6.2 \text{ m/s}$$

Volgstroom  $w = 0.30$

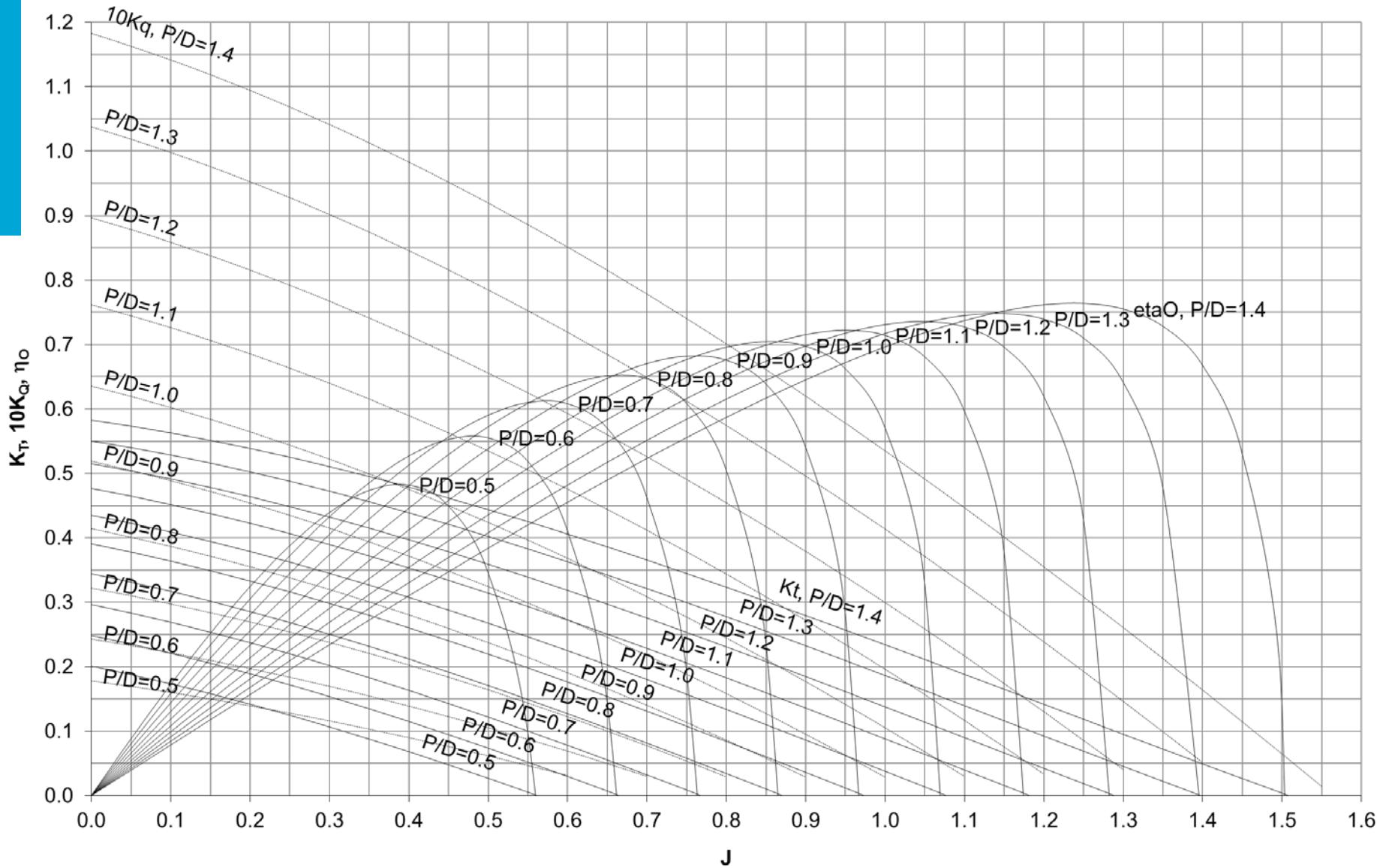
Zoggetal  $t = 0.15$

# Schroef

Schroefserie B4.70

Maximale diameter 3.5 m

## B4.70 series diagram



# Maximaal Vermogen

$$P_D = 2\pi n Q$$

↓

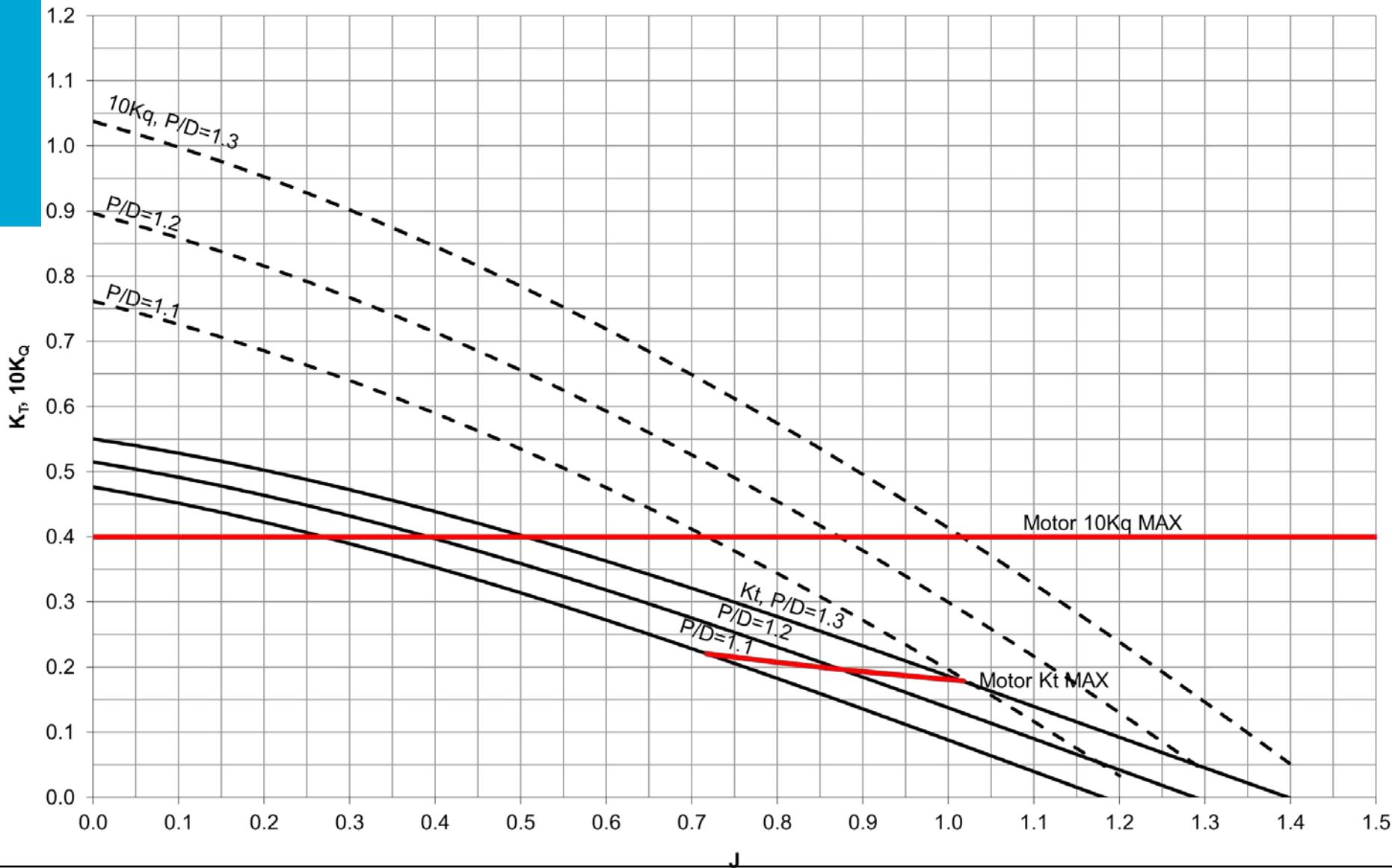
$$K_{Q(max)} = \frac{Q}{\rho n^2 D^5} = \frac{P_D}{2\pi \rho n^3 D^5} = 0.04$$

↓

Schroefdiagram

↓

$$K_{T(max)} = \frac{T}{\rho n^2 D^4}$$



# Weerstand

$$R = c V_s^2$$

↓

$$K_T = f(J) = f\left(\frac{V_e}{nD}\right)$$

$$c = \frac{R}{V_s^2} = \frac{50 \cdot 10^3}{6.2^2} = 1.3 \frac{kN}{m^2/s^2}$$

$$R \rightarrow T \rightarrow K_T$$

$$V_s \rightarrow V_e \rightarrow J$$

$$R = c V_s^2$$

$$t = \frac{T - R}{T} \rightarrow R = T(1 - t)$$

$$K_T = \frac{T}{\rho n^2 D^4} \rightarrow T = K_T \rho n^2 D^4$$

$$R = K_T \rho n^2 D^4 (1 - t)$$

$$R = cV_s^2$$

$$V_e = V_s(1 - w) \rightarrow \quad V_s = \frac{V_e}{1 - w}$$

$$J = \frac{V_e}{nD} \quad \rightarrow \quad V_e = nDJ$$

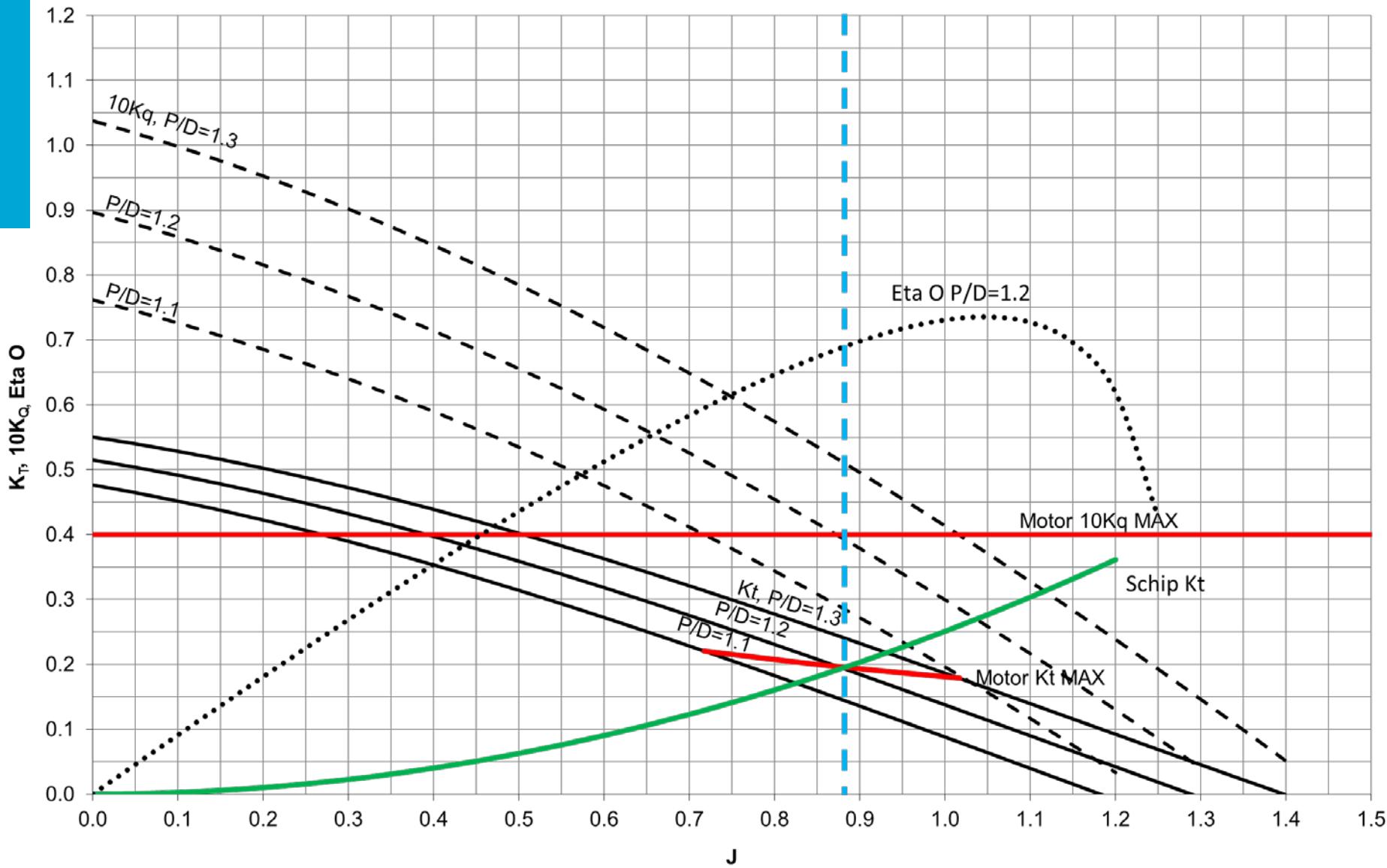
$$V_s^2 = \left( \frac{nDJ}{1 - w} \right)^2 = \frac{n^2 D^2}{(1 - w)^2} J^2$$

$$cV_s^2 = c \frac{n^2 D^2}{(1 - w)^2} J^2$$

$$R = c V_s^2$$

$$K_T \rho n^2 D^4 (1 - t) = c \frac{n^2 D^2}{(1 - w)^2} J^2$$

$$K_T = \frac{c}{\rho D^2} \frac{1}{1 - t} \frac{1}{(1 - w)^2} J^2 = 0.251 J^2$$



# Snelste combinatie Motor + Romp + Schroef

B4.70 P/D=1.2

@

$$J = 0.88$$

$$\eta_o = 0.69$$

$$V_{s(max)} = \frac{nDJ}{1-w} = 7.9 \text{ m/s} = 15.4 \text{ knopen}$$

$$K_T = 0.251 J^2 = 0.194$$

$$K_Q = 0.04$$

$$T = \rho n^2 D^4 K_T = 96.8 \text{ kN}$$

$$Q = \rho n^2 D^5 K_Q = 69.8 \text{ kNm}$$

Totaal rendement

$$\eta_D = \eta_O \eta_H \eta_R = \frac{P_E}{P_D} = \frac{RV_s}{P_D} = \frac{cV_s^3}{P_D} = 0.825$$

Open water rendement

$$\eta_O = \frac{JK_T}{2\pi K_Q} = 0.69$$

Romp rendement

$$\eta_H = \frac{1-t}{1-w} = 1.21$$

Relatieve rotatie rendement

$$\eta_R = \frac{\eta_D}{\eta_O \eta_H} = 0.985$$