

# AE4536: Buckling of structures

Discrete Symmetrical Unstable Postcritical Behaviour

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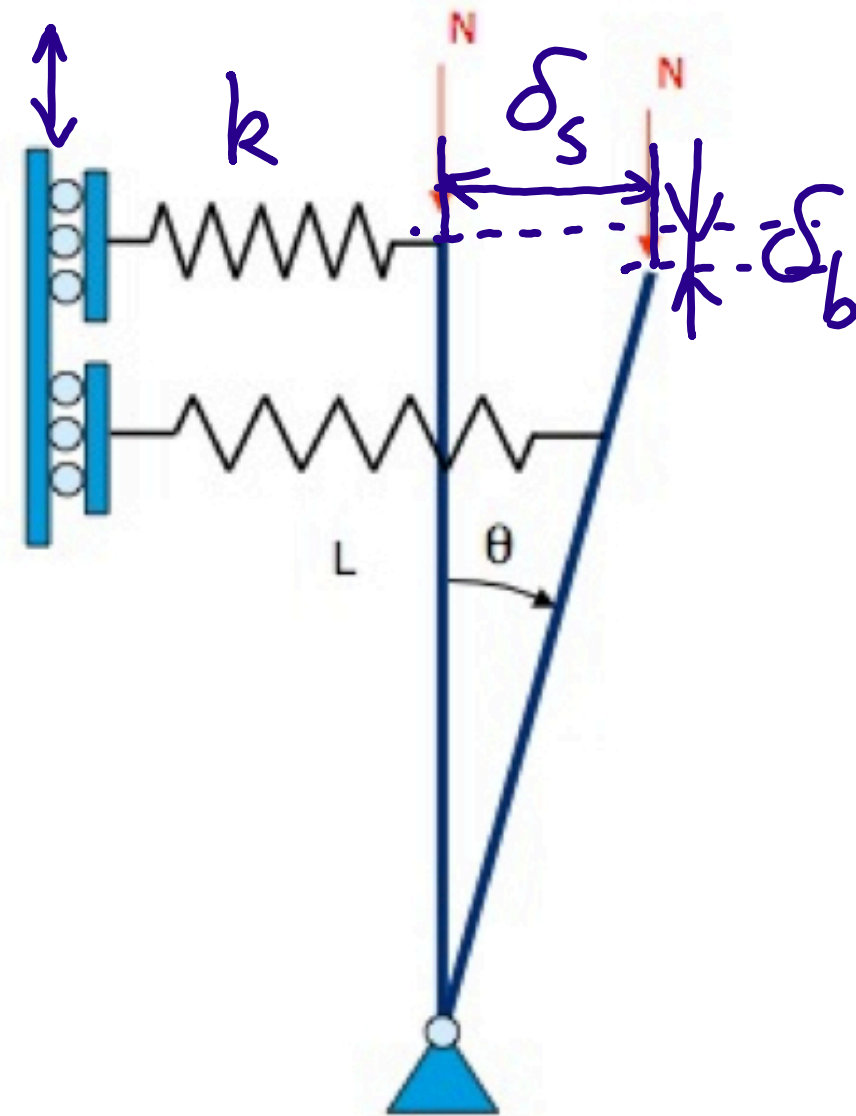
## Problem definition

$$P(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} k \delta_s^2 - N \delta_b$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} k L^2 \sin^2 \theta - N L (1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$\delta_s = L \sin \theta$$

$$\delta_b = L (1 - \cos \theta)$$



## Equilibrium

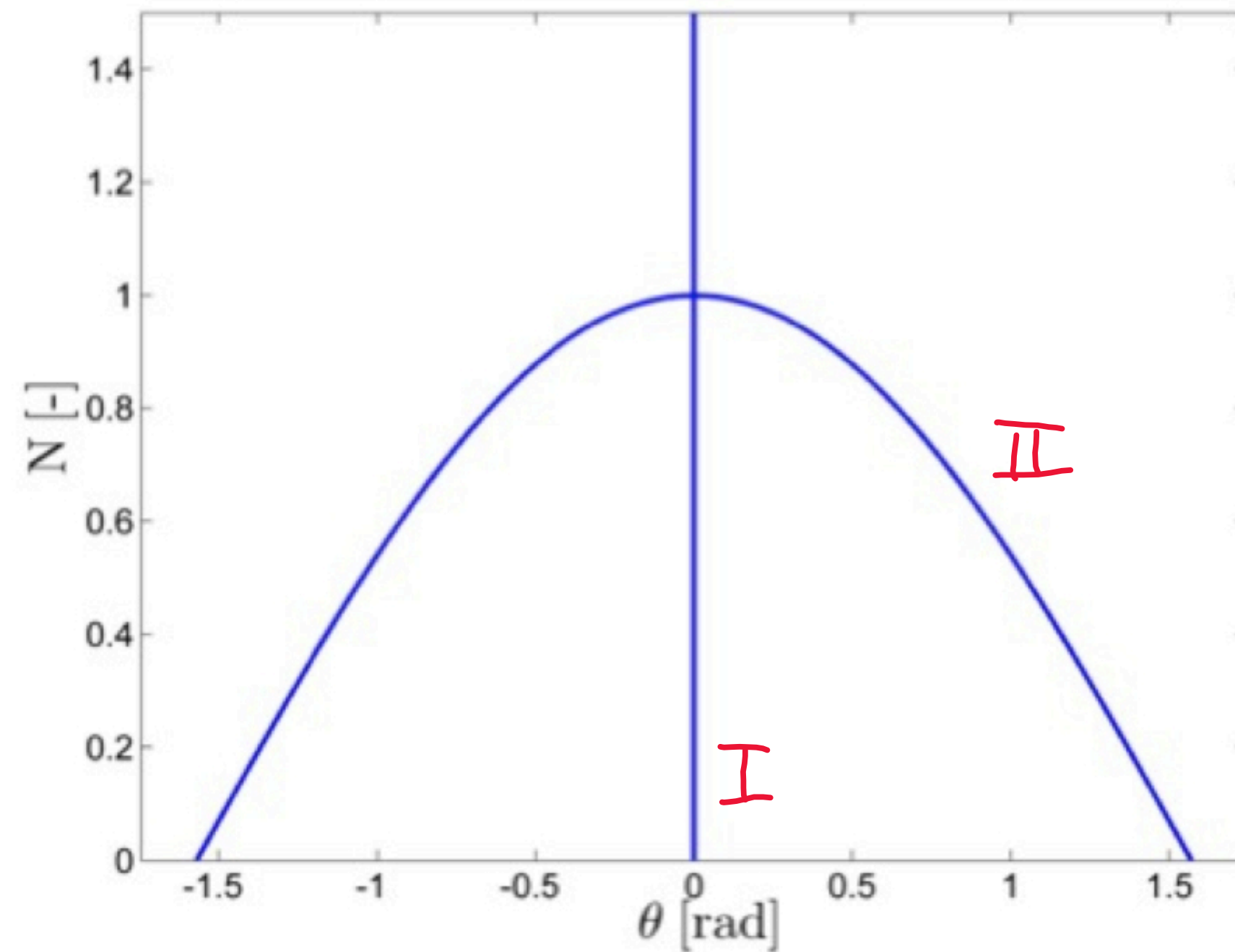
$$P(\theta_0 + \delta\theta) = \frac{dP}{d\theta} \Big|_{\theta_0} \delta\theta + \frac{1}{2!} \frac{d^2P}{d\theta^2} \Big|_{\theta_0} \delta\theta^2 + \text{h.o.t.} = 0 = \delta P$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dP}{d\theta} \Big|_{\theta_0} &= kL^2 \sin\theta_0 \cos\theta_0 - NL \sin\theta_0 = 0 \\ &= L(kL \cos\theta_0 - N) \sin\theta_0 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$(1) \quad \theta_0 = 0 \quad \forall N$$

$$(2) \quad N = kL \cos\theta_0$$

# Equilibrium path



## Stability of equilibrium

$$P(\theta_0 + \theta_1) = \frac{dP}{d\theta} \bigg|_{\theta_0} \theta_1 + \frac{1}{2!} \frac{d^2P}{d\theta^2} \bigg|_{\theta_0} \theta_1^2 + \frac{1}{3!} \frac{d^3P}{d\theta^3} \bigg|_{\theta_0} \theta_1^3 + \text{h.o.t.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2P}{d\theta^2} \bigg|_{\theta_0} &= L \cos \theta_0 (kL \cos \theta_0 - N) + L \sin \theta_0 (-kL \sin \theta_0) \\ &= kL^2 (\cos^2 \theta_0 - \sin^2 \theta_0) - NL \cos \theta_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{d^2P}{d\theta^2} \bigg|_{\theta_0} = kL^2 - NL$$

$N < kL$	stable
$N > kL$	unstable
$N = kL$	critical

$$(2) \quad \frac{d^2P}{d\theta^2} \bigg|_{\theta_0} = kL^2 (\cos^2 \theta_0 - \sin^2 \theta_0) - kL^2 \cos^2 \theta_0 < 0 \quad \text{unstable}$$



## Stability of critical points

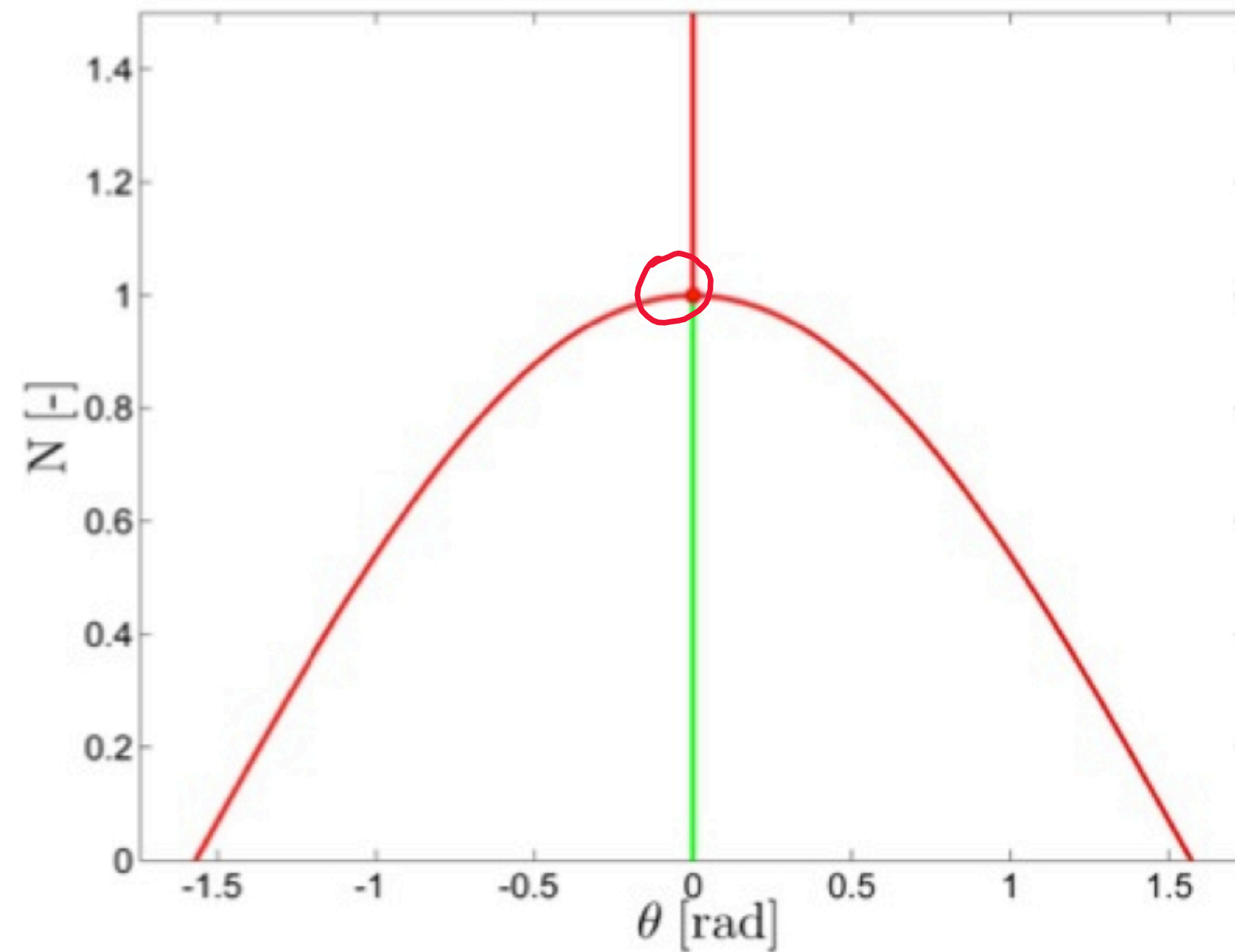
$$P(\theta_0 + \theta_1) = \frac{1}{3!} \frac{d^3 P}{d\theta^3} \theta_1^3 + \frac{1}{4!} \frac{d^4 P}{d\theta^4} \theta_1^4 + \text{h.o.t.}$$

$$\left. \frac{d^3 P}{d\theta^3} \right|_{\theta_0} = kL^2 (-2\cos\theta_0 \sin\theta_0 - 2\sin\theta_0 \cos\theta_0) + NL\sin\theta_0$$

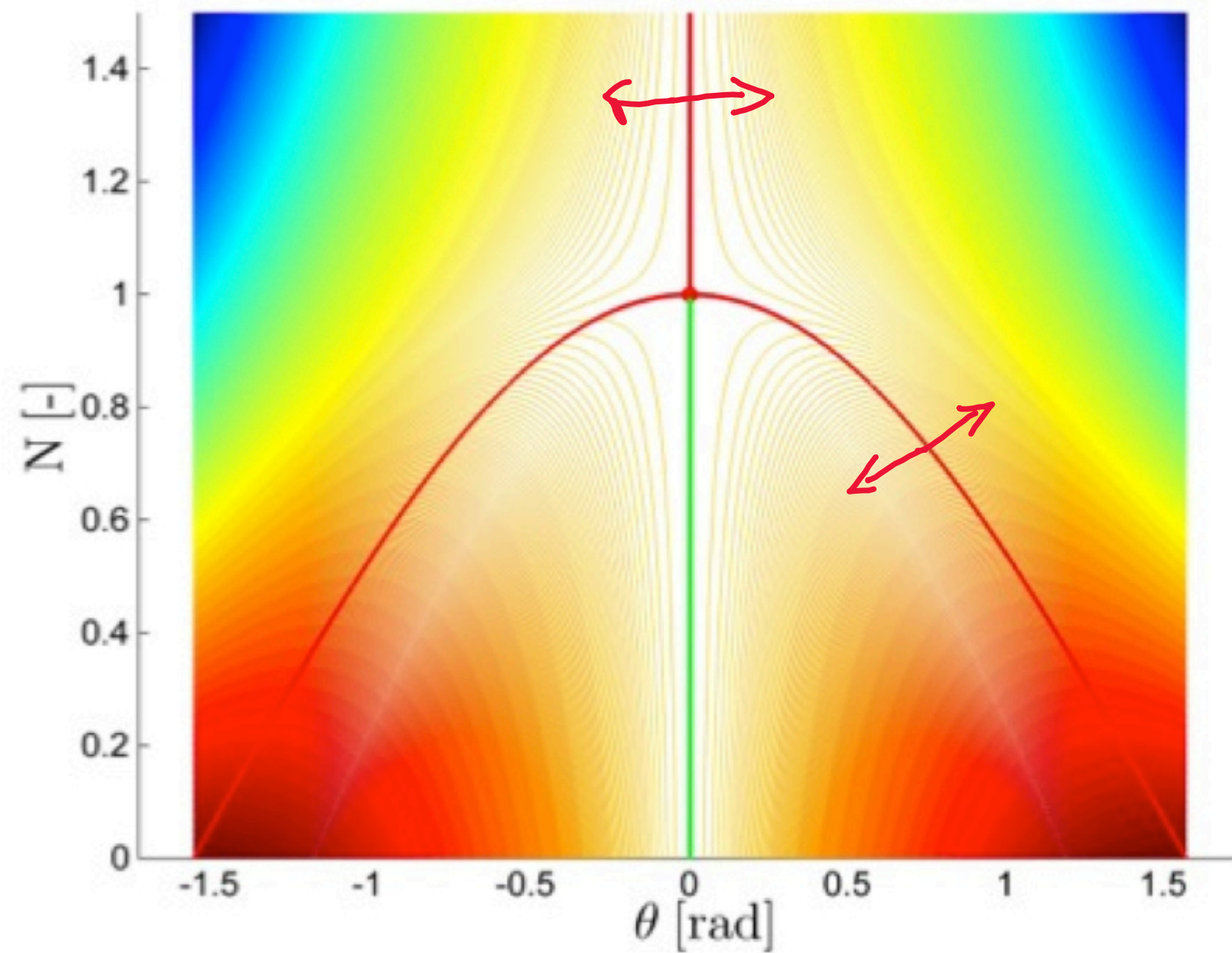
$= 0$  ✓

$$\left. \frac{d^4 P}{d\theta^4} \right|_{\theta_0} = kL^2 (-4(-\sin^2\theta_0 + \cos^2\theta_0)) + NL\cos\theta_0$$
$$= -4kL^2 + kL^2 = -3kL^2 < 0 \quad \text{unstable}$$

# Stability of equilibrium

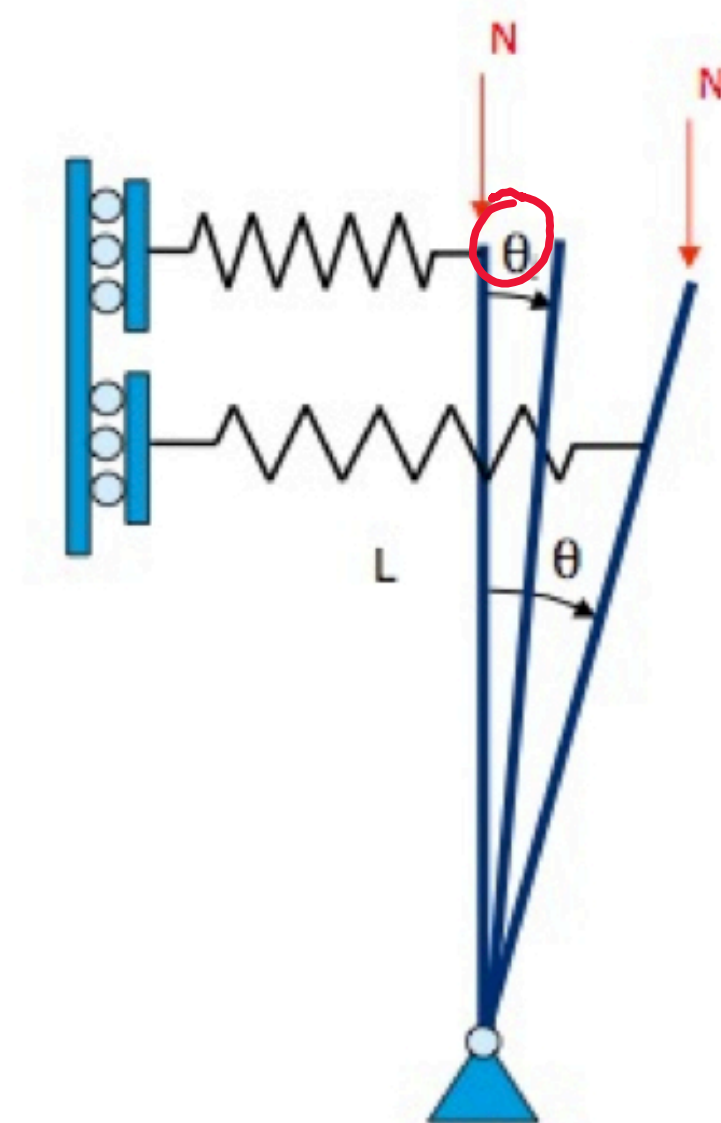


# Potential energy plot





Imperfect column  $P(\theta, \theta_i) = \frac{1}{2} k L^2 (\sin \theta - \sin \theta_i)^2$   
 $- NL(1 - \cos \theta)$   
 $+ NL(1 - \cos \theta_i)$



$$= \frac{1}{2} k L^2 (\sin^2 \theta - 2 \sin \theta \cdot \theta_i)$$

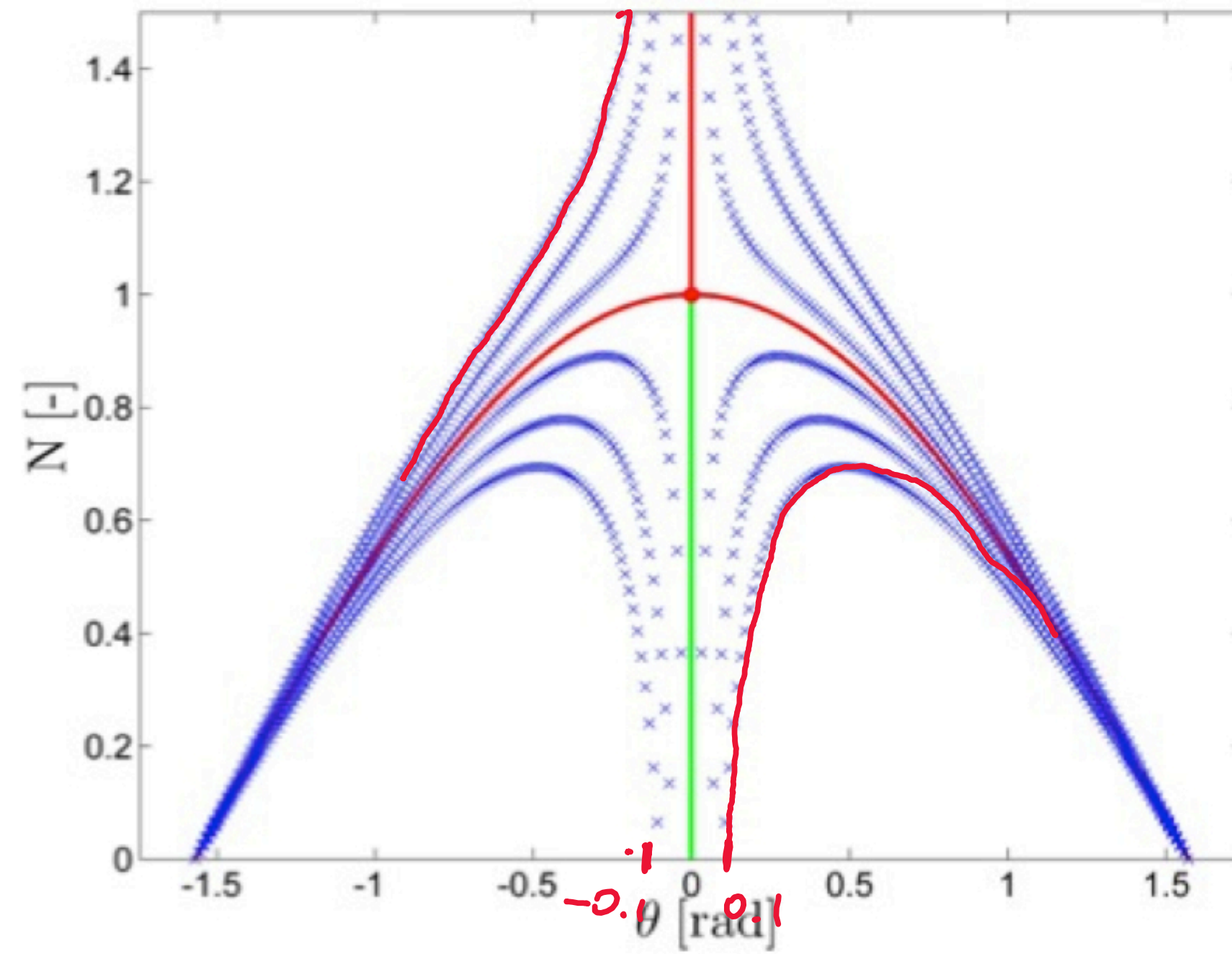
$$- NL(1 - \cos \theta)$$

## Equilibrium

$$\left. \frac{dP}{d\theta} \right|_{\theta_0} = \frac{1}{2} k L^2 (2 \sin \theta_0 \cos \theta_0 - 2 \theta_i \cos \theta_0) - N L \sin \theta_0 = 0$$

$$N = \frac{k L^2 (\sin \theta_0 \cos \theta_0 - \theta_i \cos \theta_0)}{L \sin \theta_0} = \frac{k L \cos \theta_0 (\sin \theta_0 - \theta_i)}{\sin \theta_0}$$

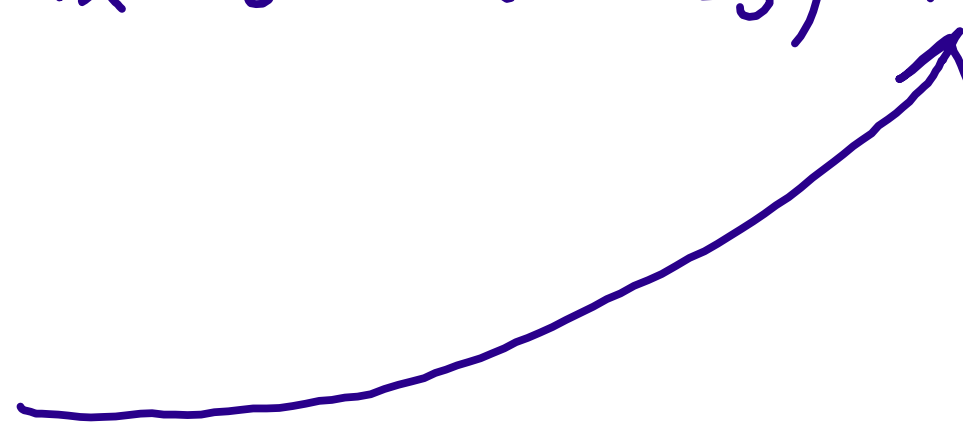
# Equilibrium path



## Stability of equilibrium

$$\left. \frac{d^2 p}{d\theta^2} \right|_{\theta_0} = kL^2 (\cos^2 \theta_0 - \sin^2 \theta_0 + \theta_0 \sin \theta_0) - NL \cos \theta_0$$

Substitute equilibrium



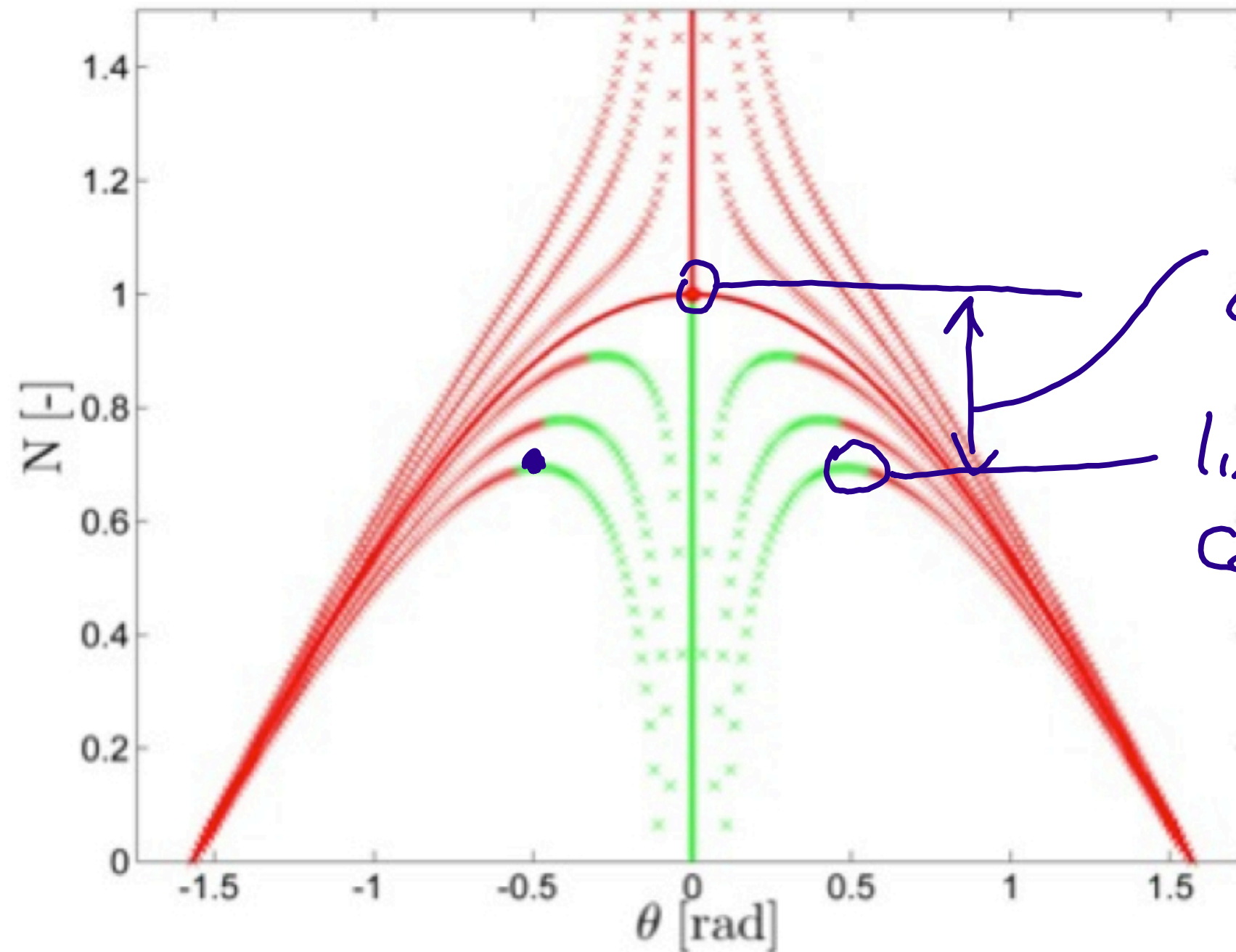


# Stability of equilibrium

$$\theta_c = -0.1$$

$$\theta_o = -0.561$$

$$N = 0.687$$




reduction in  
critical load

limit point  
collapse load

## Stability of critical points

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d^3 P}{d\theta^3} \Big|_{\theta_0} &= kL^2 \left( -2 \cos \theta_0 \sin \theta_0 - 2 \sin \theta_0 \cos \theta_0 + \theta_0 \cos \theta_0 \right) \\ &\quad + NL \sin \theta_0 \\ &= 1.35 \neq 0 \quad \text{unstable}\end{aligned}$$



# Summary

- Equilibrium, stability and stability of critical points of a single degree-of-freedom structure with unstable symmetrical post-critical equilibrium path was analysed
- The effect of imperfections of an unstable post-critical behaviour was shown
- It was shown that a load can exist for which not stable equilibrium point exists. This load is called the collapse load