

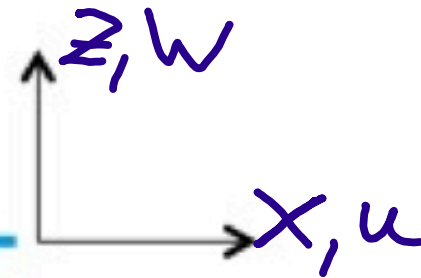


AE4536: Buckling of structures

Stability of beams

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Beam formulation



Strain measures

$$\varepsilon = u' + \frac{1}{2} w'^2$$

$$\kappa = -w''$$

$$\} \rightarrow \underline{u} = \{u', w', w''\}$$

Potential energy

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L EA \varepsilon^2 dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L EI \kappa^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L N \varepsilon dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L M \kappa dx$$

Potential energy expansion

$$P(\underline{u}_0 + \underline{u}_1) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L EA \left(u_0' + u_1' + \frac{1}{2} (w_0' + w_1')^2 \right)^2 dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L EI (w_0'' + w_1'')^2 dx$$

Assemble terms of \mathbf{u}_1 , $(\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_1)$, $(\mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_1, \mathbf{u}_1)$ etc to assess stability and equilibrium

Potential energy expansion

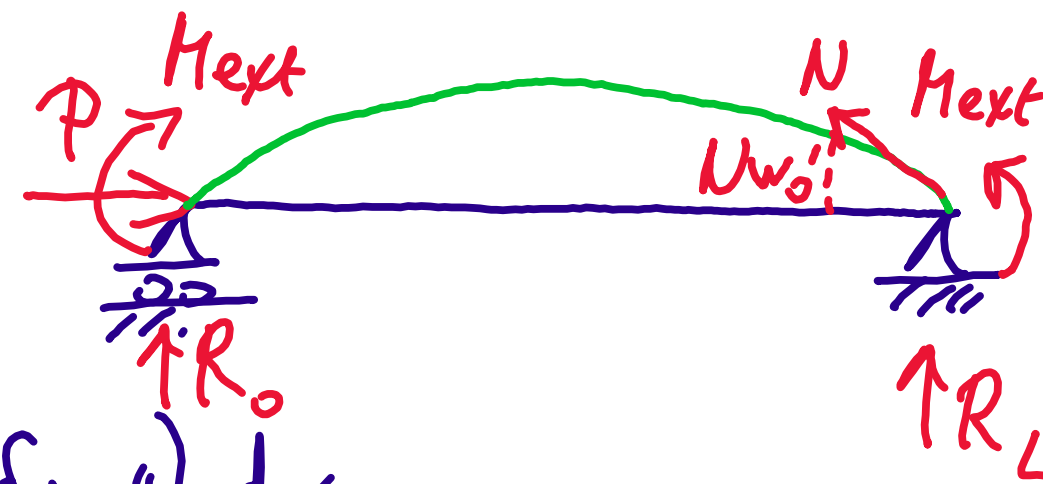
$$\begin{aligned} P(\mathbf{u}_0 + \mathbf{u}_1) &= \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(\cancel{u_0'^2} + u_1'^2 + \cancel{\frac{1}{4} w_0'^4} + w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_1'^4 + 2u_0' u_1' + \cancel{u_0' w_0'^2} \right) dx \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(2u_0' w_0' w_1' + u_0' w_1'^2 + w_0'^2 u_1' + 2w_0' u_1' w_1' + u_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(w_0'^2 w_0' w_1' + \frac{1}{2} w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + w_0' w_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} EI \int_0^L \left(w_0''^2 + 2w_0'' w_1'' + w_1''^2 \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

First form of potential energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\mathbf{u}_0 + \mathbf{u}_1) &= \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(u_0'^2 + u_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_0'^4 + w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_1'^4 + \underbrace{2u_0' u_1'} + u_0' w_0'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(\underbrace{2u_0' w_0' w_1'} + u_0' w_1'^2 + \underbrace{w_0'^2 u_1'} + 2w_0' u_1' w_1' + u_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(\underbrace{w_0'^2 w_0' w_1'} + \frac{1}{2} w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + w_0' w_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EI \int_0^L \left(w_0''^2 + \underbrace{2w_0'' w_1''} + w_1''^2 \right) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P'_0(\underline{u}_i) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L \underbrace{EA(2u_0' + w_0'^2)}_N u_i' + \underbrace{EA(2u_0' + w_0'^2)}_N w_0' w_i' + \underbrace{EI(2w_0'' + w_1'')}_M dx$$

Equilibrium equations



$$\begin{aligned}
 P_0'(\delta u) &= \int_0^L (N \delta u' + N w_0' \delta w' + M \delta w'') dx \\
 &= \int_0^L \left[(N \delta u)' - N' \delta u + (N w_0' \delta w)' - N' w_0' \delta w - N w_0'' \delta w \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + (M \delta w')' - (M' \delta w)' + M'' \delta w \right] dx = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

	Equilibrium	Boundary terms
δu	$N' = 0$	$N _0^L = -P$
δw	$M'' - N w_0'' = 0$ $EI w_0''''$	$N w_0' - M' _0^L = R_{0,L}$
$\delta w'$	/	$M _0^L = M_{ext}$

Partial integration

$$\textcircled{1} (N \delta u)' = N' \delta u + N \delta u' \rightarrow N \delta u' = (N \delta u)' - N' \delta u$$

$$\textcircled{2} (N w_0' \delta w)' = N' w_0' \delta w + N w_0'' \delta w + N w_0' \delta w'$$

$$\rightarrow N w_0' \delta w' = (N w_0' \delta w)' - N' w_0' \delta w - N w_0'' \delta w$$

$$\textcircled{3} (M \delta w')' = M' \delta w' + M \delta w'' \rightarrow M \delta w'' = (M \delta w')' - M' \delta w'$$

$$(M' \delta w)' = M'' \delta w + M' \delta w' \rightarrow M' \delta w' = (M' \delta w)' - M'' \delta w$$

$$\rightarrow M \delta w'' = (M \delta w')' - (M' \delta w)' + M'' \delta w$$

Second form of potential energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\mathbf{u}_0 + \mathbf{u}_1) &= \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(u_0'^2 + u_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_0'^4 + \frac{1}{2} w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_1'^4 + 2u_0' u_1' + u_0' w_0'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(2u_0' w_0' w_1' + u_0' w_1'^2 + w_0'^2 u_1' + 2w_0' u_1' w_1' + u_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(w_0'^2 w_0' w_1' + \frac{1}{2} w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + w_0' w_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EI \int_0^L \left(w_0''^2 + 2w_0'' w_1'' + w_1''^2 \right) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_0''(\underline{u}_1, \underline{u}_1) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L \left[EA (u_1'^2 + w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + u_0' w_1'^2 + 2w_0' u_1' w_1' + \frac{1}{2} w_0'^4 w_1'^2) + EI w_1''^2 \right] dx$$

Stability equations

$$P_0''(\underline{u}_1, \underline{u}_1) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L \left[\overbrace{EA(u_0' + \frac{1}{2}w_0'^2)}^{N_0} w_1'^2 + EA(u_1'^2 + w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + 2w_0' u_1' w_1') + EI w_1''^2 \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L \left[N_0 w_1'^2 + EA u_1'^2 + EI w_1''^2 \right] dx$$

$$P_0''(\underline{u}_c, \delta \underline{u}_c) = \int_0^L \left[N_0 w_c' \delta w_c' + EA u_c' \delta u_c' + \underbrace{EI w_c'' \delta w_c''}_{M_c} \right] dx$$

Trefftz

Buckling solution

$$\begin{cases} EI W_c'' - N_0 W_c'' = 0 \\ u_c'' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} N_0 W_c' - M_c|_0^L &= 0 \\ u_c'|_0^L &= 0 \\ M_c|_0^L &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} W_c = A \sin(kx) + B \cos(kx) + Cx + D \\ u_c = \text{Constant} \end{cases}$$

$$k = \sqrt{\frac{P}{EI}}$$

$$EI W_c'''' + P W_c'' = 0$$

$$W_c'''' + k^2 W_c'' = 0$$

Third form of potential energy


$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\mathbf{u}_0 + \mathbf{u}_1) &= \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(u_0'^2 + u_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_0'^4 + w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_1'^4 + 2u_0' u_1' + u_0' w_0'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(2u_0' w_0' w_1' + u_0' w_1'^2 + w_0'^2 u_1' + 2w_0' u_1' w_1' + \underbrace{u_1' w_1'^2} \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(w_0'^2 w_0' w_1' + \frac{1}{2} w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + \underbrace{w_0' w_1' w_1'^2} \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EI \int_0^L \left(w_0''^2 + 2w_0'' w_1'' + w_1''^2 \right) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_0'''(\underline{u}_c, \underline{u}_c, \underline{u}_c) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L EA \left(\cancel{u_c'} w_c'^2 + w_0' \cancel{w_c'} w_c'^2 \right) dx = 0. \quad \checkmark$$

Fourth form of potential energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\mathbf{u}_0 + \mathbf{u}_1) &= \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(u_0'^2 + u_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_0'^4 + w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + \frac{1}{4} w_1'^4 + 2u_0' u_1' + u_0' w_0'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(2u_0' w_0' w_1' + u_0' w_1'^2 + w_0'^2 u_1' + 2w_0' u_1' w_1' + u_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EA \int_0^L \left(w_0'^2 w_0' w_1' + \frac{1}{2} w_0'^2 w_1'^2 + w_0' w_1' w_1'^2 \right) dx \\
 &+ \frac{1}{2} EI \int_0^L \left(w_0''^2 + 2w_0'' w_1'' + w_1''^2 \right) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_0''''(\underline{u}_c, \underline{u}_c, \underline{u}_c, \underline{u}_c) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L EA \frac{1}{4} w_c'^4 \geq 0 \quad \text{stable}$$



Summary

- The equilibrium and stability equation for an Euler beam was derived
- It was demonstrated that the equilibrium equation is nonlinear
- It was demonstrated that the stability equation is linear
- A beam has a stable critical point, which indicates that the post-buckling behaviour is expected to be stable