Technology and Global Development

Technology in Sustainable Development



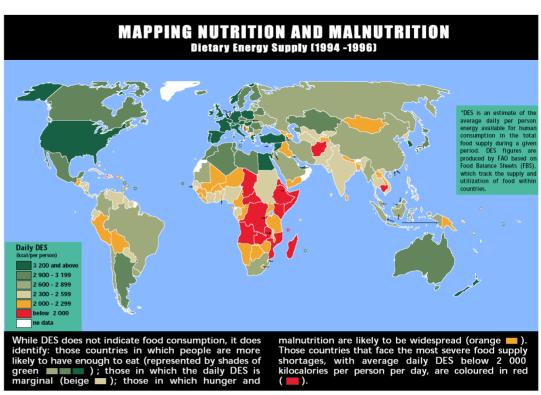
Wim Ravesteijn January 11, 2010



Global Nutrition

'Food gap'

If the available food was distributed according to need, there would be enough to feed everyone in the world.

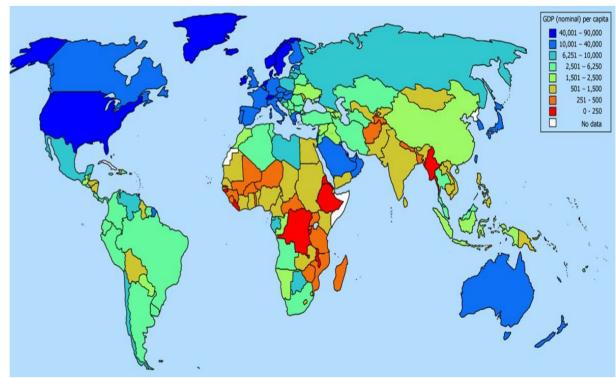


http://www.fao.org/NEWS/1998/981204-e.htm



Gross Domestic Product per Capita

GDP as an indication of the standard of living in an economy.



http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/09/GDP_nominal_per_capita_world_map_IMF_figures_for_year_2006.png

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Differences

- 20% of the world's population receives 75% of the world's income, whilst 20% receives 2%
- 73% of the world's population receives 28% of the world's grain.
- 27% of the world's population uses 83% of the world's fertilizer for its foodproduction.
- 2/3 of the world's population does not have clean drinking water.

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Differences

- Every year 16 million people die of starvation
- If 10% of the world's consumption of protein from beef is consumed from soybean protein instead, there would be no hunger in the world
- The US 5% of the world's population- contributes 23% of the world's production



Questions

How did differences between rich and poor evolve?

When did differences between rich and poor evolve?

Why did differences between rich and poor evolve?



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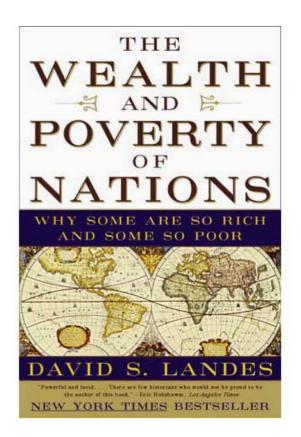
What the experts say

David Landes:

The Wealth and Poverty of Nations

Modernity Hypothesis

Commercial, technological and industrial revolution of the middle ages





What the experts say

André Gunder Frank

Development of underdevelopment as a result of colonialism and imperialism caused by the industrial revolution

The rich became rich by exploitation, and the poor became poor.



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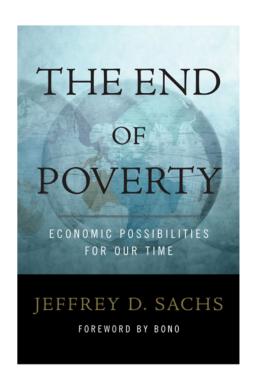


What the experts say

Jeffrey Sachs: The End of Poverty

Inequality is a result of the Industrial revolution that started and took place in UK from the 1750's

The rich became rich through autonomous development





Jeffrey Sachs... and Bono





Live Aid

Bob Geldof 1985

Do they know it's Christmas?

Feed the World: famine relief in Ethiopia

Bono 2005 Live 8 Make Poverty History







Jeffrey Sachs

Development Strategy

- Combination of top-down and bottom-up
 - Top-down: Millennium goals
 - Bottom-up: Community Development

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Development Strategy

IMPROVE MATERNAL

HEALTH

Millenium goals

Set for 2015, the Millennium Goals were agreed upon by 189 countries in 2000













http://www.undp.org/mdg/



Development Strategy

Millennium Goals

- What makes the millennium goals unique is that it is the first international agreement that is concrete and measurable.
- Every year progress is monitored and reported internationally.
- Both rich and poor countries can be pressurized to increase their efforts to achieve the goals



Development Strategy

Community Development

Identifying the main bottlenecks

Setting up village committees to tackle these bottlenecks

Focused organisational, technical and financial aid.



