

**Delft Applied Mechanics Course:  
Statics**

**AE1-914-I**

1 November 2004, 14:00–17:00

**This is the English exam.**

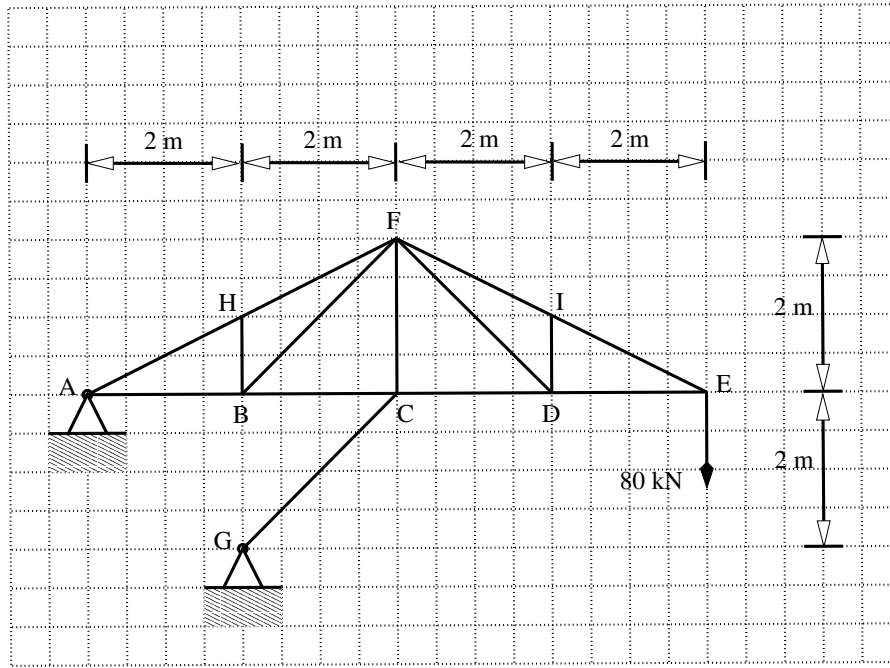
**Only the answer sheets will be collected**  
Any other sheets will be rejected.

**Write down your name and student number !**  
Answers without name and student number are not graded.

**Check your intermediate answers to prevent arithmetical errors**

**Problem 1** (Weight 1.5, approx. 30 min.)

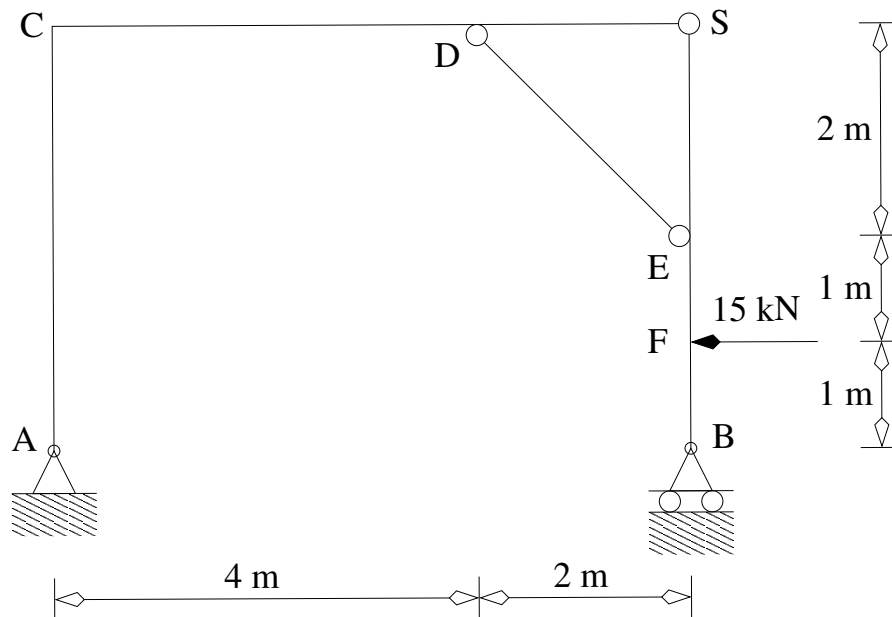
The truss structure given in the figure is loaded by a force of 80 kN in node E.



- Determine *graphically* the direction of the reaction force in A.
- Calculate the reaction forces in the supports A and G.
- Which members are zero-force members?
- Calculate the forces in all members.
- Draw the force polygon of node F.

**Problem 2** (Weight 2.5, approx. 40 min.)

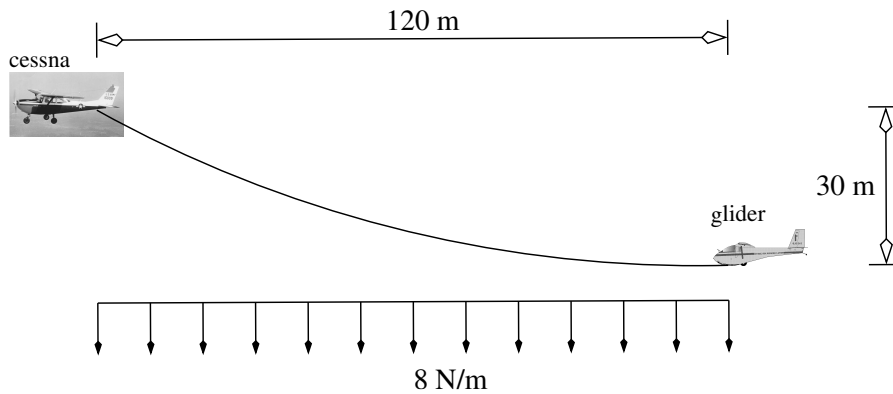
A frame consists of a bracket ACS, a column BS and a link DE, connected as shown in the figure. The structure is supported by a pin in A and a horizontal roller in B. A horizontal force of 15 kN is applied at point F.



- Calculate the force in member DE.
- Calculate the reaction forces in the supports A and B.
- Draw the normal force diagram for the entire structure. Use the correct signs for tension and compression.
- Draw the shear force diagram for the entire structure and use the deformation signs.
- Draw the bending moment diagram for the entire structure and use the deformation signs.

**Problem 3** (Weight 1.5, approx. 30 min.)

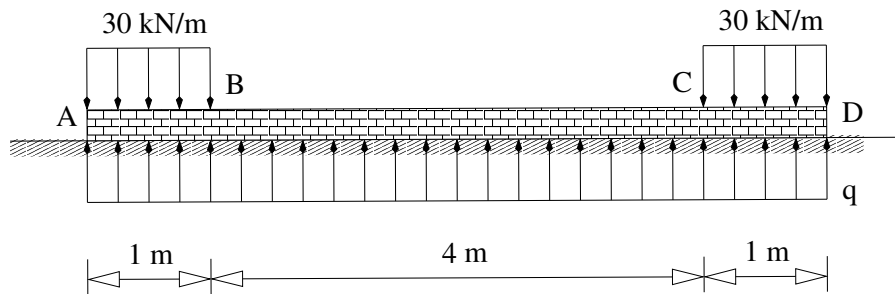
A sail plane is being towed in level flight and is 120 m behind and 30 m below the Cessna. The tangent to the cable at the sail plane is horizontal. The mass of the cable is modeled as a uniform vertical distributed load of 8 N/m measured *horizontally*. The load on the cable due to air resistance is neglected.



- Calculate the force in the cable at the glider.
- Calculate the maximum force in the cable. Where does it occur?

**Problem 4** (Weight 2.5, approx. 40 min.)

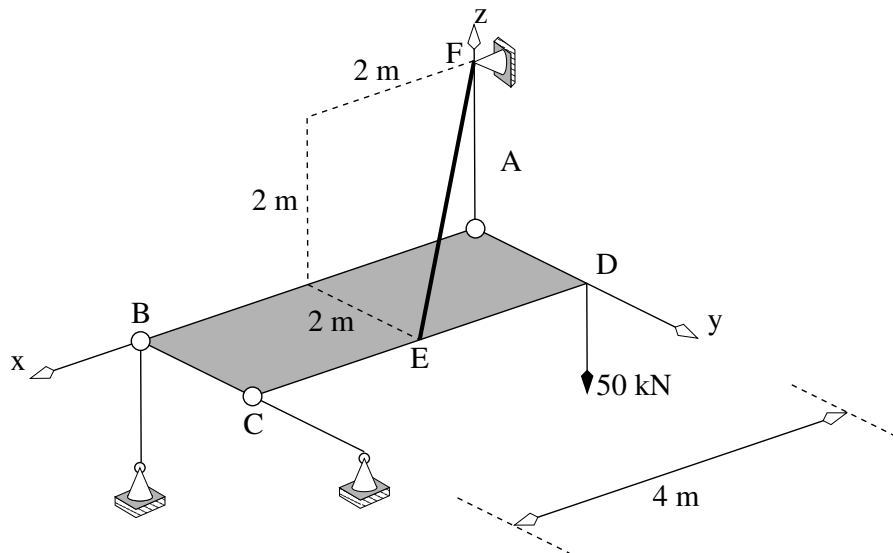
A beam of length 6 m is at rest on the ground. The weight of the beam is neglected. A uniform distributed load of 30 kN/m acts on AB and CD. As a reaction, the beam experiences a uniform distributed load  $q$  from the ground.



- Calculate the magnitude  $q$  of the uniform distributed load.
- Draw the resulting distributed load acting on the beam.
- Draw the shear force diagram of the beam and use the deformation signs.
- Draw the bending moment diagram of the beam and use the deformation signs. Draw the tangents to the diagram in points A, B, C and D and clearly indicate where they intersect.
- Where does the maximum bending moment occur and what is the value of this maximum?

**Problem 5** (Weight 2, approx. 40 min.)

The plate in the figure is supported by a ball-and-socket support in A, a link parallel to the  $z$ -axis in B, a link parallel to the  $y$ -axis in C, and a cable EF. The plate is loaded by a force of 50 kN in the negative  $z$ -direction in D.



- Calculate the force in the cable.
- Calculate the forces in the links at B and C.
- Calculate the reaction forces in A.
- Draw a free body diagram of plate ABCD and draw all forces in the way they act on the plate.